



Kakanmath Temple, Suhania, Dist. Morena

Brief history of the monument:

The Siva temple known as Kakanmath at Suhaniya (ancient Simhapaniya) in District Morena. recorded to have been built by Kachchhapaghata ruler Kirttiraja (CE. IO15-1035), is a magnificent edifice even in its ruins and is remarkable for its sculptural wealth. Standing on a lolly ornate pi/ha and originally surrounded by subsidiary shrines, the temple comprises on plan a sanctum enclosed by an ambulatory with three transepts antarala, gudhamandapa with lateral transepts, and a mukhamandapa approached from the east by stairs. The antarala has a single transverse row of four pillars while the gudhamandapa has four clusters, each of four pillars, arranged in four rows in alignment with those of the anlarala. The sanctum doorway has seven sakhas which include a large number of deities between two mithuna-sakhas.

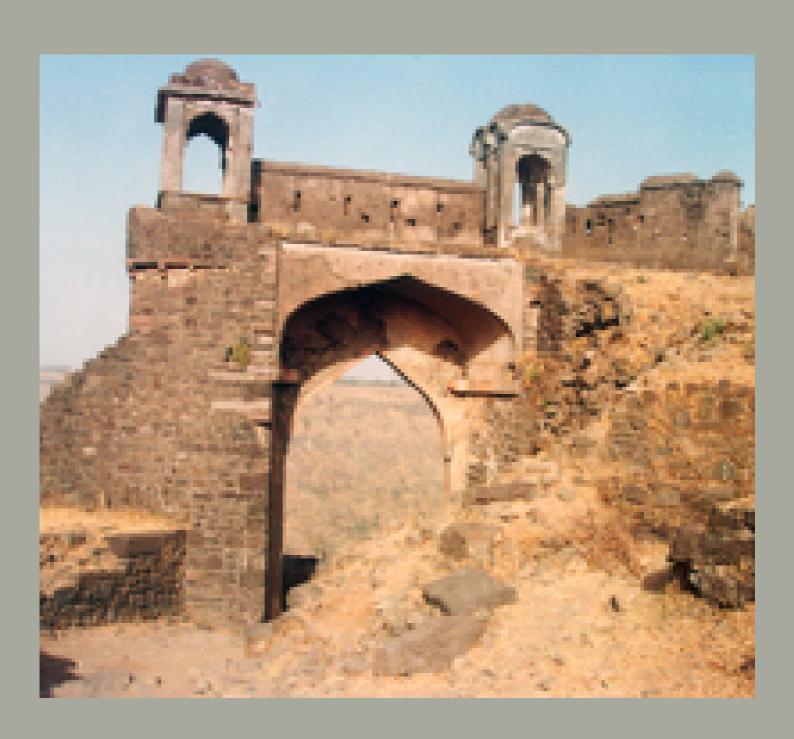


- Conservation of wooden members of the cloister Mandapa
- Construction of amenities center with Drinking water kiosk, toilets and baby care room etc.
- Landscaping

Estimated cost of the proposed work is Rs.200 lakh



Songarh Gate at Mandu



Songarh Gate at Mandu, Dist. Dhar

Brief history of the monument:

Near the neck of the Mandu plateau, connecting it with the hill stands a gateway, the architecture of which is partly old and partly modern. It is reported that the Maratha lady Maina Bai rebuilt it during her stay at Mandu in 19th century. The gate has an old arched entrance, and has two its new brick built kiosks, which are an eyesore as contrasting with the beautiful red masonry of the upper facade of the gate



- Resetting of Random Rubble stone masonry in lime mortar
- Recess pointing in lime mortar, vegetation clearance work etc.

Estimated cost of the proposed work is Rs.200 lakh



Mosque near Tarapur Gate at Mandu



Mosque near Tarapur Gate at Mandu, Dist. Dhar

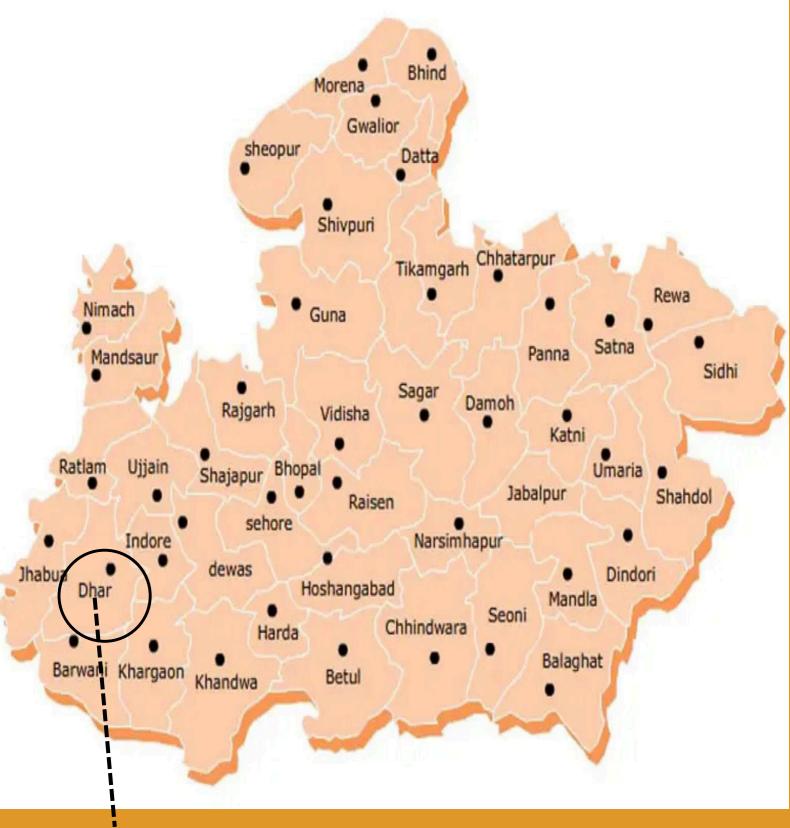
Brief history of the monument:

This gate is called after the village Tarapur in the Nimar plain below. This gate was constructed by Dilawar Khan, the first Muslim Sultan of Mandu in the year 1406-07 CE. Close to Tarapur Gate exists a small mosque which consists of a double hall meant for the gathering of the visiting to offer Namaz.



- Providing Random Rubble stone masonry in lime mortar
- Recess pointing in lime mortar, vegetation clearance work etc.

Estimated cost of the proposed work is Rs.200 lakh



Nahar Jharokha compound at Mandu

Nahar Jharokha compound at Mandu, Dist. -Dhar

Brief history of the monument:

To the cast of this mosque is a square at the southern end of which are seen the ruins of a balcony called Nahar-Jharokha because of an effigy of a tiger which once supported it. It was meant apparently for the king to show himself up to his subjects, a practice which is historically found more common with the Mughal emperors and from the style of the building at its back it was very probably built in the time of Jahang1r when he was staying at Mandu. It may further be recalled here that such Darshan-Jharokhas are found in Delhi and Agra forts when the Mughal kings showed themselves to their subjects every morning.



- Providing Random Rubble stone masonry in lime mortar
- Recess pointing in lime mortar, vegetation clearance work etc

Estimated cost of the proposed work is Rs.300 lakh

